

#### Designing Resilient Structures

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# Agenda



- What is Resiliency?
- Construction Costs
- What have previous guidelines given us?
- Changes already implemented
- Future Changes
- How does this affect you?

• The ability to withstand or recover quickly from difficulties; toughness.



fhwa

- What attacks our bridges?
  - Scour



- What attacks our bridges?
  - Weather Events



- What attacks our bridges?
  - Collisions





- What attacks our bridges?
  - Corrosion



## **Construction Costs**

• Where have construction costs gone?

2017 Costs	2023 Costs
\$150.92/sq. ft.	\$287.72/ sq. ft.

• Inflation is ~12%/yr on bridge costs.

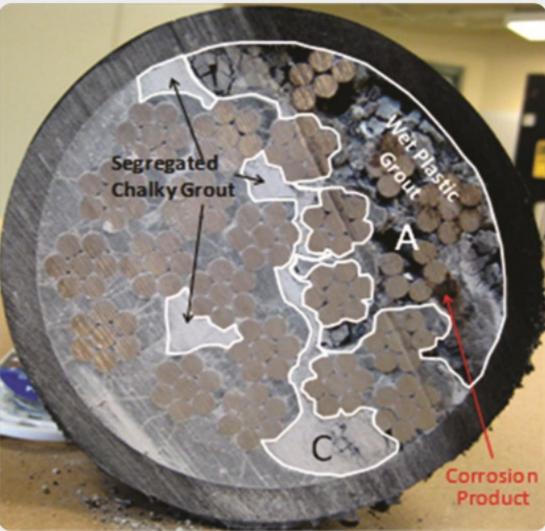


## What have previous Guidelines Given us?

- Side by side box beams with no deck replacing after 30 years
- Post tension bridge replace after 50 years in Frankfort
- Concrete Pier patching after 30 years Patching not holding up
- Bridge replacement after 50 years (KY/Brook in Louisville)



- Post Tensioning
  - Grout issues Weak Grout, Segregation,
    High Chlorides
  - Corrosion issues -
  - Very hard to inspect Grout encased strands

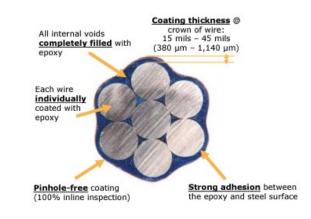


- Post Tensioning- Flexible filler
  - Wax/grease products are hydrophobic (repel water)
  - Inspectable
  - Replaceable
  - 1-2% more cost to the overall bridge structure than grout
  - Non-bonded



- Post Tensioning- Epoxy Coated Strands
  - Not all ducts can be filled with Flexible Filler
  - Epoxy Coated Strands are an option as well.
  - Current post tensioning status quo has major issues.







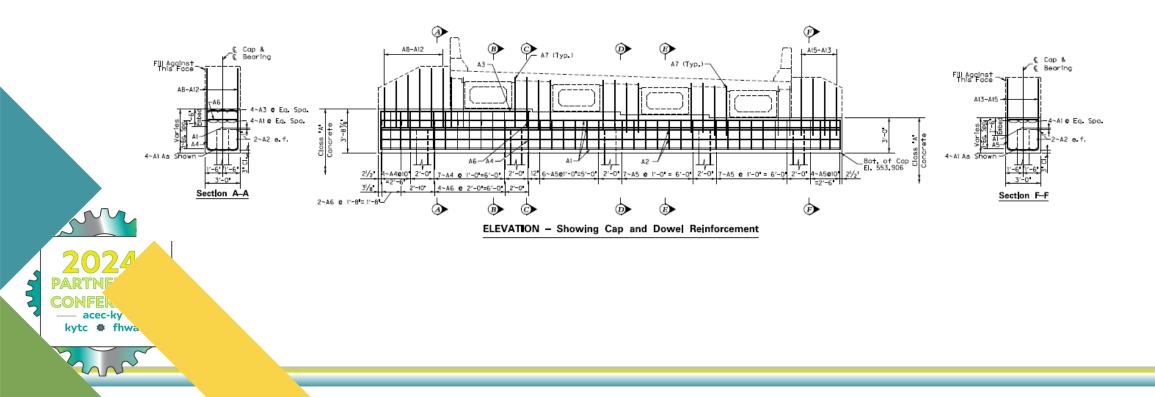


- Epoxy or Galvanized reinforcement in salt exposure areas
- Piers or columns under joints.
- Piers or columns next to roadways where snow plows may throw ice/snow.





- All End Bents Reinforcing Steel to be fully epoxy or galvanized.
  - Previous guidance was black in the cap, epoxy above seats for integral end bents.



- Better guidance on weathering steel and galvanization
  - Weathering steel has issues when continuously wet or material is deposited that keeps it wet. (Soil in floods)
  - Weathering steel should never be submerged.
  - Weathering steel should be kept 10ft minimum above normal flow.
  - Weathering steel should never be used where salt spray/tunnel effect is present.



Cabinet has seen issues on multiple structures built recently.

- Better guidance on weathering steel and galvanization
  - What to do when steel has to be coated?
    - Hot Dip Galvanization is preferred where possible. We want a full 75 year life.
    - Metallization should be considered where beams cannot fit in pot or be double dipped.
    - Savings on the front end by painting W beams on small bridges may lead to large costs down the road.
    - Maintenance is not cheap.
    - Metallization is being considered on several projects right now.

- KTC Research on Reinforcement Corrosion Performance
  - Many different types of reinforcement available
  - Test data and reports by manufacturer
  - How good are these other options?
  - Salt fog chamber test 10000 hours.
  - Testing Epoxy, black, ChromX, hot dip galvanized Continuous galvanized, prestressing strands, stainless, various rebar coatings.



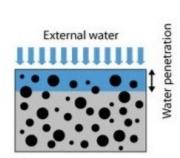
- KTC Research on Reinforcement Corrosion Performance
  - How do bars perform when coatings are damaged?
  - Are there options better than Epoxy at a similar cost?
  - Do we need to look at better performing bars to achieve lower maintenance later on?
  - Internal Data and not counting on manufacturer funded tests for our decisions.

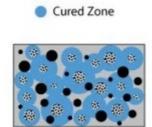


- KTC Research on Reinforcement Corrosion Performance
  - Testing has passed 5000 hour mark.
  - Uncoated steel performance is about as expected.
  - Will be interested in final results after testing is completed.



Normal Aggregate
 Prewetted LWA





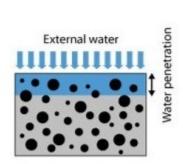
Conventional (External) Water Curing

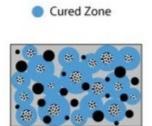
Internal Curing with Prewetted Lightweight Aggregate (LWA)

- Research on Internally cured Concrete.
  - KYTC has ongoing research with U of L regarding E5 concrete additive (NanoSilica).
- FHWA has initiative for Internally Cured Concrete Epic<sup>2</sup>.
  - Prewetted Aggregate



Normal Aggregate
 Prewetted LWA





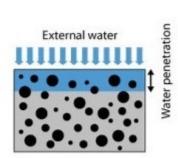
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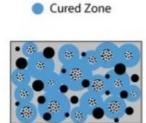
Internal Curing with Prewetted Lightweight Aggregate (LWA)

- Research on Internally cured Concrete.
  - Traditionally low w/c ratio concrete suffers from early age cracking.
  - Internally cured concrete distributes cure water throughout mix instead of minimal water in mix and then adding water on top during curing.



Normal Aggregate
 Prewetted LWA





Conventional (External) Water Curing

Internal Curing with Prewetted Lightweight Aggregate (LWA)

- Research on Internally Cured Concrete.
  - Benefits
    - Reduces shrinkage
    - Reduces Cracking
    - Increases Strength
    - Lowers Permeability





2024 PARTNE CONFER acec-ky kytc \* fhwa **Research on Concrete Patching** 



- Research on Concrete Patching
  - KTC is leading the research on Concrete Patching.
  - Will be researching current practices.
  - Make site visits to concrete patching projects.
  - Research patching materials
  - Research Galvanic Anodes
  - Research Electrochemical Chloride Extraction



- What do we hope to get out of research?
  - Why is our current patching failing so soon?
  - Do the Galvanic Anodes work?
  - Is ElectroChemical Chloride Extraction worth the money?
  - How can we change our current practices to get another 35+ years out of our patches?



# How will this affect your designs?

- KTC Research on Reinforcement
  - List of Reinforcement to use
  - Expect some reinforcement to not be allowed
  - Critical structures may be required to use more corrosion resistant reinforcement
  - Should we use higher corrosion resistant reinforcement on all structures?



## How will this affect your designs?

- Research on Internally cured Concrete
  - Denser, less permeable concrete, less cracking.
  - If we use IC in conjunction with higher quality reinforcement, can we get rid of concrete sealing?



## How will this affect your designs?

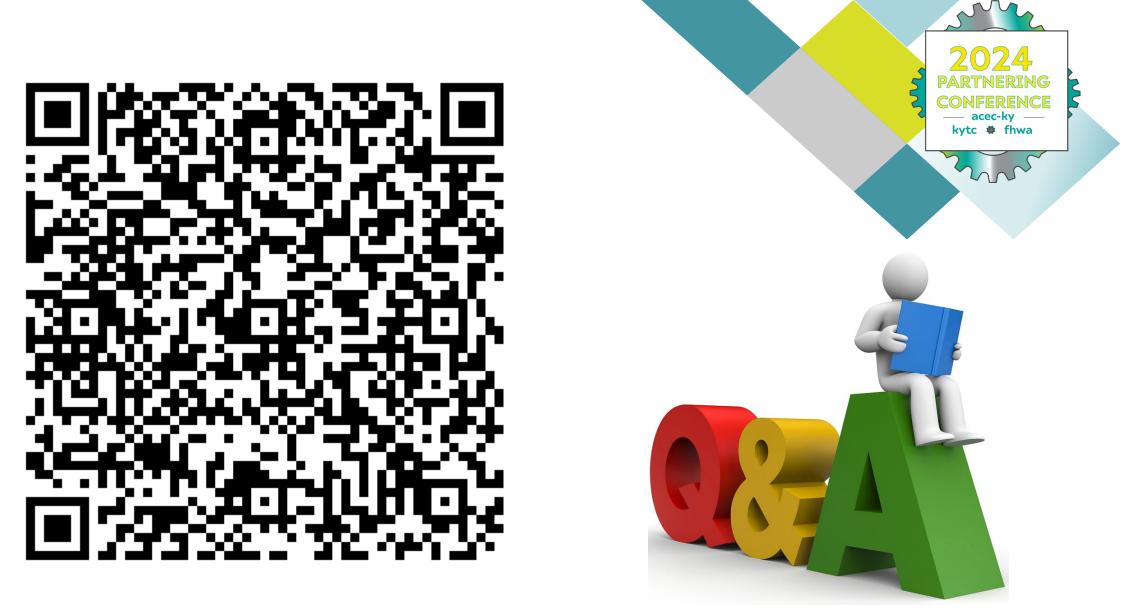
- Research on Concrete Patching
  - Currently have multiple notes for concrete patching.
  - Can we get to one Special Note for everybody with techniques/materials, etc. that will give us a long life?
  - Are we wasting money on Anodes?



## **Future?**

- New Guidance Manual has a start towards more resilient Structures.
- More research to come.
- Implement changes from research. Watch for Transmittal Memos and/or changes to Guidance manual.





**KYTC Structure Design for Resiliency 9:00am**